

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Code: L051
Product name: DRY PTFE LUBRICANTING AGENT 400 ml AMBRO-SOL
Chemical name and synonym: Lubricant

UFI : 1UC0-S0VM-700N-X53E

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use: PTFE spray anti-adhesive lubricant

Identified Uses	Industrial	Professional	Consumer
Consumer	-	-	✓
Industrial Use	✓	-	-
Professional Use	-	✓	-

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name: AMBRO-SOL S.R.L. SB
Full address: Via per Pavone del Mella, 21
District and Country: 25020 Cigole (BS)
Italia
Tel.: +39 030 9959674
Fax: +39 030 959265

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: regulatory@ambro-sol.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to:

IT - Centro Antiveleni di Milano - Ospedale Niguarda: Tel. 02 66101029 (Italy)
AT - Vergiftungsinformationszentrale (VIZ): Tel. +43 01 406 4343 (Austria)
BE - Belgisch Antigifcentrum: Tel. 070 245245 (Belgium)
BG - НАЦИОНАЛЕН ЦЕНТЪР ПО ТОКСИКОЛОГИЯ: Tel. +359 2 9154 233 (Bulgaria)
HR - Centar za kontrolu otrovanja: Tel. +385 1 2348342 (Croatia)
CY - Τμήμα Επιθεώρησης Εργασίας (TEE): Tel. 1401 (Cyprus)
CZ - Toxikologické informační středisko (TIS): Tel. +420 224 919 293 / +420 224 915 402 (Czech Republic)
DK - Giftlinjen: Ring 82 12 12 12 (Denmark)
EE - Mürgistusteabekeskus: Tel. 16662 (Estonia)
FI - Myrkytystietokeskus: Tel. 0800 147 111 / 09 471 977 (Finland)
FR - ORFILA (INRS): Tél. +33 (0) 1 45 42 59 59 (France)
DE - Giftnotruf der Charité Universitätsmedizin Berlin: Tel. +49 030 19240 (Germany)
GR - Κέντρο Δηλητηριάσεων: Τηλ. 210 7793777 (Greece)
HU - Egészségügyi Toxikológiai Tájékoztató Szolgálat (ETTSZ): Tel. +36 80 20 1199 (Hungary)
IS - Eitrunarmiðstöð: Tel. 543 2222 (Iceland)
IE - National Poisons Information Centre (NPIC): Tel. 01 8092566 / 01 8379964 (Republic of Ireland)
LV - Latvian Poisons Information Centre: Tel. +371 67042473 (Latvia)
LT - Apsinuodijimų Informacijos biuras: Tel. 8-5 236 2052 (Lithuania)
LU - Giftinformationszentrum: Tel. +352 8002 5500 (Luxembourg)
NL - Nationaal Vergiftigingen Informatie Centrum (NVIC): Tel. 030 274 88 88 (Netherlands)
NO - Giftinformasjonen: Tel. 22 9 13 00 (Norway)
PL - Pomorskie Centrum Toksykologii: Tel. +58 682 04 04 (Poland)
PT - Centro de Informação Antivenenos (CIAV): Tel. 800 250 250 (Portugal)
RO - Biroul RSI Si Informare Toxicologica: Tel. 021 318 36 06 (Romania)
SK - Národné Toxikologické informačné centrum (NTIC): Tel. 02 5477 4166 (Slovakia)

SI - Center za klinično toksikologijo in farmakologijo: Tel. 112 (Slovenia)
ES - Servicio de Información Toxicológica (SIT) España: Tel.+34 91 562 04 20 (Spain)
SE - Giftinformationscentralen: Tel. 112 (Sweden)
CH - Schweizerisches Toxikologisches Informationszentrum (STIZ): Tel. +41 145 (Switzerland)
GB - National Poisons Information Service (NPIS) Tel. 0344 892 0111 (United Kingdom)
Members of the Public: NHS 111 (England), NHS 24 (Scotland) or NHS Direct (Wales)

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Aerosol, category 1	H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
	H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3	H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2	H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
P410+P412	Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C / 122°F.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulations.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P211	Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Contains: Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane

SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration \geq 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification	x = Conc. %		Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane			
INDEX	649-328-00-1	55 ≤ x < 56,5	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: P
EC	931-254-9		
CAS	64742-49-0		
REACH Reg.	012119484651-34-XXXX		
PROPANE			
INDEX	601-003-00-5	26 ≤ x < 27,5	Flam. Gas 1A H220, Press. Gas (Liq.) H280, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: U
EC	200-827-9		
CAS	74-98-6		
REACH Reg.	01-2119486944-21-0046		
BUTANE			
INDEX	601-004-00-0	11 ≤ x < 12,5	Flam. Gas 1A H220, Press. Gas (Liq.) H280, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C, U
EC	203-448-7		
CAS	106-97-8		
REACH Reg.	01-2119474691-32-XXXX		
Polytetrafluorethylene (PTFE)			
INDEX		3,9 ≤ x < 4,1	Flam. Gas 1A H220, Press. Gas H280
EC	618-337-2		
CAS	9002-84-0		
Isobutane			
INDEX	601-004-00-0	1,92 ≤ x < 2,02	
EC	200-857-2		
CAS	75-28-5		
REACH Reg.	01-2119485395-27-XXXX		

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

The product is an aerosol containing propellants. For the purposes of calculation of the health hazards, propellants are not considered (unless they have health hazards). The percentages indicated are inclusive of the propellants.

Percentage of propellants: 40,00 %

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane: a complex combination of hydrocarbons obtained by treating a petroleum fraction with hydrogen in the presence of a catalyst. It consists of hydrocarbons having carbon numbers predominantly in the range of C4 through C11 and boiling in the range of approximately minus 20Å ° C to 190Å ° C (-4Å ° F to 374Å ° F).

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with a shower immediately. Get medical advice/attention immediately. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention immediately. Do not induce vomiting. Do not administer anything not explicitly authorised by a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

SECTION 4. First aid measures ... / >>

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

If overheated, aerosol cans can deform, explode and be propelled considerable distances. Put a protective helmet on before approaching the fire. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site. Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not disperse in the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Use inert absorbent material to soak up leaked product. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Do not spray on flames or incandescent bodies. Vapours may catch fire and an explosion may occur; vapour accumulation is therefore to be avoided by leaving windows and doors open and ensuring good cross ventilation. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Do not breathe spray.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a place where adequate ventilation is ensured, away from direct sunlight at a temperature below 50°C / 122°F, away from any combustion sources.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

DEU	Deutschland	Forschungsgemeinschaft MAK- und BAT-Werte-Liste 2022 Ständige Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe Mitteilung 58
DNK	Danmark	Bekendtgørelse om grænseværdier for stoffer og materialer - BEK nr 1458 af 13/12/2019
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2023
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en France Décret n° 2021-1849 du 28 décembre 2021
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α' 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιογόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»
HUN	Magyarország	Az innovációért és technológiáért felelős miniszter 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelete a kémiai kóroki tényezők hatásának kitett munkavállalók egészségének és biztonságának védelméről
NOR	Norge	Forskrift om endring i forskrift om tiltaksverdier og grenseverdier for fysiske og kjemiske faktorer i arbeidsmiljøet samt smitterisikogrupper for biologiske faktorer (forskrift om tiltaks- og grenseverdier), 21. august 2018 nr. 1255
NLD	Nederland	Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling. Lijst van wettelijke grenswaarden op grond van de artikelen 4.3, eerste lid, en 4.16, eerste lid, van het Arbeidsomstandighedenbesluit
POL	Polska	Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
GBR	United Kingdom TLV-ACGIH	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020) ACGIH 2023

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
NDS/NDSch	POL	500		1500		

Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL

Route of exposure	Effects on consumers		Chronic local	Chronic systemic	Effects on workers			
	Acute local	Acute systemic			Acute local	Acute systemic	Chronic local	Chronic systemic
Oral				1301 mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				1137 mg/m3				5306 mg/m3
Skin				1377 mg/kg bw/d				13964 mg/kg bw/d

PROPANE

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	1800	1000	7200	4000	
MAK	DEU	1800	1000	7200	4000	
TLV	DNK	1800	1000			
VLA	ESP		1000			
TLV	GRC	1800	1000			
TLV	NOR	900	500			
NDS/NDSch	POL	1800				
TLV	ROU	1400	778	1800	1000	

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

BUTANE

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
AGW	DEU	2400	1000	9600	4000	
MAK	DEU	2400	1000	9600	4000	
TLV	DNK	1200	500			
VLA	ESP		1000			Gases
VLEP	FRA	1900	800			
TLV	GRC	2350	1000			
AK	HUN	2350		9400		
TLV	NOR	600	250			
TGG	NLD	1430				
NDS/NDSch	POL	1900		3000		
WEL	GBR	1450	600	1810	750	
WEL	GBR		4			RESP
TLV-ACGIH					1000	

Polytetrafluorethylene (PTFE)

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV-ACGIH		10				POLVERI

Isobutane

Threshold Limit Value

Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV-ACGIH			800			

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.
VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

HAND PROTECTION

None required.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type AX filter combined with a type P filter should be worn (see standard EN 14387).

ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

Product residues must not be indiscriminately disposed of with waste water or by dumping in waterways.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	aerosol	
Colour	light white	
Odour	characteristic of solvent	

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties ... / >>

Melting point / freezing point	not available		
Initial boiling point	not available		
Flammability	flammable gas		
Lower explosive limit	not available		
Upper explosive limit	not available		
Flash point	< 0 °C		
Auto-ignition temperature	not available		
Decomposition temperature	not available		
pH	not available		Reason for missing data:substance/mixture is non-polar/aprotic (eg: an organic solvent mixture)
Kinematic viscosity	not available		
Solubility	insoluble in water		
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available		
Vapour pressure	not available		
Density and/or relative density	0,61 ÷ 0,65	kg/l	Temperature: 20 °C
Relative vapour density	not available		
Particle characteristics	not applicable		

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU)	95,44 %	-	601,27	g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon)	68,79 %	-	433,36	g/litre
Explosive properties	not applicable			
Oxidising properties	not applicable			

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating.

Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)
Avoid exposure to: >400 °C.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong reducing or oxidising agents, strong acids or alkalis, hot material.

Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)
May react dangerously if exposed to: metals in powder form from 370 ° C.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Polytetrafluoroethylene (PTFE)
May develop: hydrofluoric acid,carbonyl fluoride,tetrafluoroethylene ,hexafluorpropylene,perfluoroisobutylene.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

Information not available

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Information not available

Interactive effects

Information not available

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Oral) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:

Not classified (no significant component)

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane

LD50 (Dermal):

> 2000 mg/kg bw rabbit

LD50 (Oral):

> 2000 mg/kg bw rat

LC50 (Inhalation vapours):

> 25 mg/l/4h air (rat)

PROPANE

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):

800000 ppm 15 min

BUTANE

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):

> 1442,738 mg/l/15min rat

Isobutane

LC50 (Inhalation mists/powders):

> 1442,738 mg/l/15min rat

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Excluded because the aerosol does not allow the accumulation of a significant amount of product in the mouth

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

This product is dangerous for the environment and is toxic for aquatic organisms. In the long term, it have negative effects on acquatic environment.

12.1. Toxicity

BUTANE
LC50 - for Fish > 24,11 mg/l/96h

PROPANE
LC50 - for Fish 85,82 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea 41,82 mg/l/48h

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane
LC50 - for Fish 8,41 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Crustacea 4,7 mg/l/48h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 12 mg/l/72h
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants 6,47 mg/l

Isobutane
LC50 - for Fish > 24,11 mg/l/96h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

PROPANE
Global Warming Potential (GWP): 3. Ozone Depletion Potential (ODP): 0.

BUTANE
Solubility in water 0,1 - 100 mg/l
Rapidly degradable

PROPANE
Solubility in water 0,1 - 100 mg/l
Rapidly degradable

Hydrocarbons, C6, isoalkanes, <5% n-hexane
Rapidly degradable

Isobutane
Rapidly degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

BUTANE
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,09

PROPANE
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 1,09

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

Product residues are to be considered special hazardous waste.

Empty cans, even if completely emptied, must not be dispersed in the environment.

The aerosol container overheated to a temperature above 50 ° C may burst even if it contains a small residue of gas.

Disposal must take place in an authorized place and in compliance with the laws in force.

The transport of waste may be subject to ADR.

European waste catalog code (contaminated containers):

Aerosol as domestic waste is excluded from the application of the aforementioned rule.

The exhausted aerosol for professional / industrial use can be classified:

15.01.11 *: metallic packaging containing dangerous solid porous matrices, including empty pressure containers.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

IMDG: AEROSOLS

IATA: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 2 Label: 2.1

IMDG: Class: 2 Label: 2.1

IATA: Class: 2 Label: 2.1



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: -

SECTION 14. Transport information ... / >>

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: Environmentally Hazardous



IMDG: Marine Pollutant



IATA: NO

For Air transport, environmentally hazardous mark is only mandatory for UN 3077 and UN 3082.

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:	HIN - Kemler: --	Limited Quantities: 1 L	Tunnel restriction code: (D)
	Special provision: 190, 327, 344, 625		
IMDG:	EMS: F-D, S-U	Limited Quantities: 1 L	
IATA:	Cargo:	Maximum quantity: 150 Kg	Packaging instructions: 203
	Passengers:	Maximum quantity: 75 Kg	Packaging instructions: 203
	Special provision:	A145, A167, A802	

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P3a-E2

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

<u>Product</u>	
Point	40
<u>Contained substance</u>	
Point	75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors
not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Gas 1A	Flammable gas, category 1A
Aerosol 1	Aerosol, category 1
Aerosol 3	Aerosol, category 3
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Liquefied gas
Press. Gas	Pressurised gas
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222	Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229	Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament

SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP)
22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707

- The Merck Index. - 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS - Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty - Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax - Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals - Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) - Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

01 / 02 / 03 / 08 / 11 / 12 / 14.